

Abstract of Disclosure

A driving method for a light-emitting device, suitable for driving an active matrix organic light-emitting display. A driving circuit for a light-emitting device is provided to control the light-emitting device. The driving circuit has a data input terminal to receive a data signal corresponding to a complete frame, so as to control the luminescence status of the light-emitting device. A clock is provided and partitioned into a first clock and a second clock. The first clock and the second clock have the same frequency, while the first clock is delayed in relation to the second clock. Alternatively, the second clock can be delayed in relation to the first clock. The data signal is input to the data input terminal of the driving circuit at the first clock, while a reset signal is input to the data input terminal of the driving circuit at the second clock.

